

## FEATURES SECTION

# Book Reviews

### **Evidence Based Dentistry for Effective Practice**

Jan Clarkson, Jayne E Harrison, Amid I Ismail, Ian Needleman, Helen Worthington (Eds)

Martin Dunitz, London, 2002

228 pp., Softback £30.00

ISBN 1–84184–199–4

In an era when the aspiration to deliver scientifically validated healthcare is *de rigueur*, the publication of this book is most welcome and I enjoyed reading it. In case of doubt as to why members of the dental team should be familiar with *Evidence Based Dentistry* then consider the following. In dentistry alone there are around 500 journals publishing over 43,000 research articles a year. However, the dental community does not have a strong scientific base to justify many of the current methods used in the diagnosis and treatment of many oral conditions and on the basis of systematic reviews already conducted, there is limited evidence for the effectiveness of common interventions.

With 21 contributors and five editors, there is no shortage of expertise to inform the contents of this book. The early chapters describe the principles of evidence based practice, the process of turning clinical problems into answerable questions, and the value of different types of evidence and where to find them. The section on how to conduct a literature search would be useful to those carrying out such a search for the first time and the chapter on the how and why of critical appraisal is particularly good.

The following chapters describe the process of conducting a systematic review and outline the principles of the statistical pooling of data from different studies in such reviews. As the authors point out, the depth of coverage is insufficient to enable a novice to conduct a systematic review, but rather will be of value to practitioners wishing to further their understanding of the general principles of the process of systematic reviewing. There then follows a detailed description of the ethos of the Cochrane collaboration and of the work of the Cochrane Oral Health Group in particular.

Having discussed the theory and process, the later chapters in the book discuss the practical consequences

of evidence-based dentistry, and the short and longer-term implications for clinical practice, under and post-graduate dental education, and for research. The last chapter, on the challenges to evidence-based practice is particularly good, and takes a realistic approach to the many challenges ahead if the organisation and delivery of oral health care is to be truly efficient and effective.

In general the book is well written and easy to read. If I were to make any criticisms then, perhaps inevitably, with so many contributors there is an element of repetition between some of the chapters, but this is a minor irritation. The book concludes with an appendix outlining case studies and I found this the least useful part of the book—excepting the fact that they illustrate the low quality of evidence we have for many clinical interventions.

The intended readership of the book is not stated explicitly. Whilst it is probably at a level beyond all, but the keenest undergraduate, it contains information of value to all those involved in dentistry, be it primarily in the delivery of clinical care, education, or research. If you worry that the evidence-based bandwagon is in danger of passing you by, then I thoroughly recommend that you read this book for an up to date review of the state of play in this important topic.

I.G. Chestnutt,

### **Orthodontics in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century. Where are We Now? Where are We Going?**

K. Takada and W. R. Proffit

Osaka University Press, Osaka, 2002

216 pp., Hardback

ISBN 4–87259–093–7

This book represents the edited proceedings of an international symposium in orthodontics held in Osaka in 2001 to celebrate the 70th anniversary of the founding of Osaka University and the 50th anniversary of the Faculty of Dentistry. The scientific organizers of the symposium were Kenji Takada and Bill Proffit, and it is not surprising that their contributions feature strongly amongst a field of speakers of international repute.

The book is divided into three principle sections, the first two reporting papers from the 17 keynote speakers. These presentations are on the themes of: (1) paradigm changes in orthodontics; (2) modern diagnosis and treatment planning; (3) advances in basic science underlying orthodontics; (4) efficient treatment; and (5) growth problems. The papers in all the sections are concise, yet extremely informative and, as expected from the book's title, they provide a useful summary as to state of the art orthodontic research and practice. Not surprisingly, there is a strong bias towards class III problems in the clinical management sections. The papers are enhanced by good quality black and white illustrations throughout.

Those readers hoping to use the book as a good reference source, on the whole, would not be disappointed, although there is considerable variation in this respect.

The third section of the book (69 pages) reports summaries of the symposium's poster presentations. It is disappointing that with the exception of contributions to four papers by Sven Kreiborg, all the contributors are from Japan. This seems strange for what is dubbed a high profile international meeting. In terms of content, this reviewer was left with the feeling that the third section of the book added little to an otherwise excellent text.

In conclusion, the book is beautifully produced and forms a useful addition to the orthodontic texts. It will be of interest to postgraduate students, teachers and practising clinicians alike with a format that enables the reader to 'dip in and out' easily.

Nigel Hunt